

# The (r)evolution of MaxSAT solving

Ruben Martins

University of Oxford



April 2, 2015

# Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

Package	Dependencies	Conflicts
$p_1$	$\{p_2 \vee p_3\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_2$	$\{p_3\}$	$\{\}$
$p_3$	$\{p_2\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_4$	$\{p_2 \wedge p_3\}$	$\{\}$

- Set of packages we want to install:  $\{p_1, p_2, p_3, p_4\}$
- Each package  $p_i$  has a set of dependencies:
  - Packages that **must be** installed for  $p_i$  to be installed
- Each package  $p_i$  has a set of conflicts:
  - Packages that **cannot** be installed for  $p_i$  to be installed

## Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

Package	Dependencies	Conflicts
$p_1$	$\{p_2 \vee p_3\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_2$	$\{p_3\}$	$\{\}$
$p_3$	$\{p_2\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_4$	$\{p_2 \wedge p_3\}$	$\{\}$

Encode the problem to Propositional Satisfiability

- A literal  $l_i$  is either a Boolean variable  $x_i$  or  $\neg x_i$ :
- A clause  $\omega = \bigvee_i l_i$ :
  - $\omega_1 = (x_1)$ ;  $\omega_2 = (\neg x_1 \vee x_2 \vee x_3)$ ;  $\omega_3 = (\neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3)$
- CNF formula  $\varphi = \bigwedge_j \omega_j$ :
  - $\varphi = (\omega_1 \wedge \omega_2 \wedge \omega_3)$

# Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

Package	Dependencies	Conflicts
$p_1$	$\{p_2 \vee p_3\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_2$	$\{p_3\}$	$\{\}$
$p_3$	$\{p_2\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_4$	$\{p_2 \wedge p_3\}$	$\{\}$

Encode the problem to Propositional Satisfiability

- Encoding dependencies:
  - $p_1 \Rightarrow (p_2 \vee p_3) \equiv (\neg p_1 \vee p_2 \vee p_3)$
  - $p_2 \Rightarrow p_3 \equiv (\neg p_2 \vee p_3)$
  - $p_3 \Rightarrow p_2 \equiv (\neg p_3 \vee p_2)$
  - $p_4 \Rightarrow (p_2 \wedge p_3) \equiv (\neg p_4 \vee p_2) \wedge (\neg p_4 \vee p_3)$

# Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

Package	Dependencies	Conflicts
$p_1$	$\{p_2 \vee p_3\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_2$	$\{p_3\}$	$\{\}$
$p_3$	$\{p_2\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_4$	$\{p_2 \wedge p_3\}$	$\{\}$

Encode the problem to Propositional Satisfiability

- Encoding conflicts:
  - $p_1 \Rightarrow \neg p_4 \equiv (\neg p_1 \vee \neg p_4)$
  - $p_3 \Rightarrow \neg p_4 \equiv (\neg p_3 \vee \neg p_4)$

## Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

Package	Dependencies	Conflicts
$p_1$	$\{p_2 \vee p_3\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_2$	$\{p_3\}$	$\{\}$
$p_3$	$\{p_2\}$	$\{p_4\}$
$p_4$	$\{p_2 \wedge p_3\}$	$\{\}$

Encode the problem to Propositional Satisfiability

- Encoding installing all packages:
  - $(p_1) \wedge (p_2) \wedge (p_3) \wedge (p_4)$

# Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

CNF Formula:

$$\neg p_1 \vee p_2 \vee p_3 \quad \neg p_2 \vee p_3 \quad \neg p_3 \vee p_2$$

$$\neg p_4 \vee p_2 \quad \neg p_4 \vee p_3 \quad \neg p_1 \vee \neg p_4 \quad \neg p_3 \vee \neg p_4$$

$p_1$

$p_2$

$p_3$

$p_4$

- Propositional Satisfiability (SAT):
  - Decide if the formula is satisfiable or unsatisfiable

# Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

CNF Formula:

$$\neg p_1 \vee p_2 \vee p_3$$

$$\neg p_2 \vee p_3$$

$$\neg p_3 \vee p_2$$

$$\neg p_4 \vee p_2$$

$$\neg p_4 \vee p_3$$

$$\neg p_1 \vee \neg p_4$$

$$\neg p_3 \vee \neg p_4$$

$$p_1$$

$$p_2$$

$$p_3$$

$$p_4$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable



# Solving the Software Package Upgradeability Problem

---

CNF Formula:

$\neg p_1 \vee p_2 \vee p_3$	$\neg p_2 \vee p_3$	$\neg p_3 \vee p_2$	
$\neg p_4 \vee p_2$	$\neg p_4 \vee p_3$	$\neg p_1 \vee \neg p_4$	$\neg p_3 \vee \neg p_4$
$p_1$	$p_2$	$p_3$	$p_4$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- We cannot install all packages
- How many packages can we install?

# What is Maximum Satisfiability?

---

- Maximum Satisfiability (MaxSAT):
  - Optimized version of SAT
  - All clauses in the formula are soft
  - Minimize number of unsatisfied soft clauses

# What is Maximum Satisfiability?

---

- Maximum Satisfiability (MaxSAT):
  - Optimized version of SAT
  - All clauses in the formula are soft
  - Minimize number of unsatisfied soft clauses
- Partial MaxSAT:
  - Clauses in the formula are soft or hard
  - Hard clauses must be satisfied
  - Minimize number of unsatisfied soft clauses
- Weighted Partial MaxSAT:
  - Clauses in the formula are soft or hard
  - Weights associated with soft clauses
  - Minimize sum of weights of unsatisfied soft clauses

# Software Package Upgradeability Problem as MaxSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \neg p_1 \vee p_2 \vee p_3 \quad \neg p_2 \vee p_3 \quad \neg p_3 \vee p_2 \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \neg p_4 \vee p_2 \quad \neg p_4 \vee p_3 \quad \neg p_1 \vee \neg p_4 \quad \neg p_3 \vee \neg p_4 \\ \varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad \quad \quad p_1 \quad \quad \quad p_2 \quad \quad \quad p_3 \quad \quad \quad p_4 \end{array}$$

- Dependencies and conflicts are encoded as hard clauses
- Installation of packages are encoded as soft clauses
- **Goal:** maximize the number of installed packages

# Software Package Upgradeability Problem as MaxSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h$ (Hard):	$\neg p_1 \vee p_2 \vee p_3$	$\neg p_2 \vee p_3$	$\neg p_3 \vee p_2$	
	$\neg p_4 \vee p_2$	$\neg p_4 \vee p_3$	$\neg p_1 \vee \neg p_4$	$\neg p_3 \vee \neg p_4$
$\varphi_s$ (Soft):	$p_1$	$p_2$	$p_3$	$p_4$

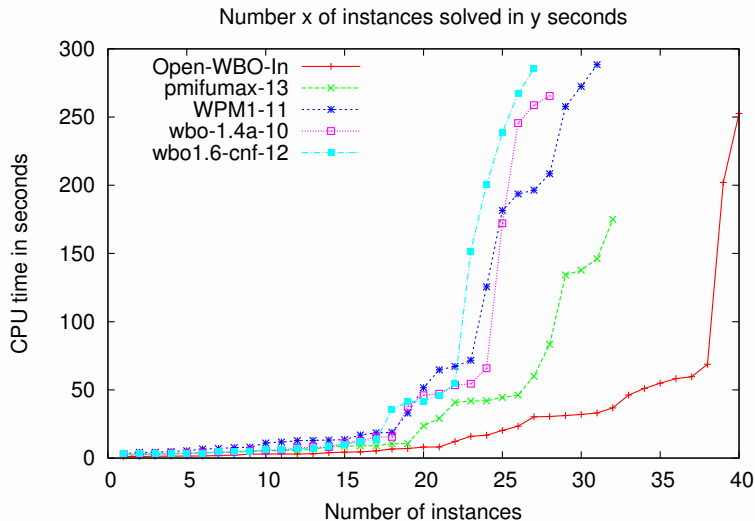
- Dependencies and conflicts are encoded as hard clauses
- Installation of packages are encoded as soft clauses
- **Optimal solution** (3 out of 4 packages are installed):
  - $\mu = \{p_1 = 1, p_2 = 1, p_3 = 1, p_4 = 0\}$

# Why is MaxSAT Important?

---

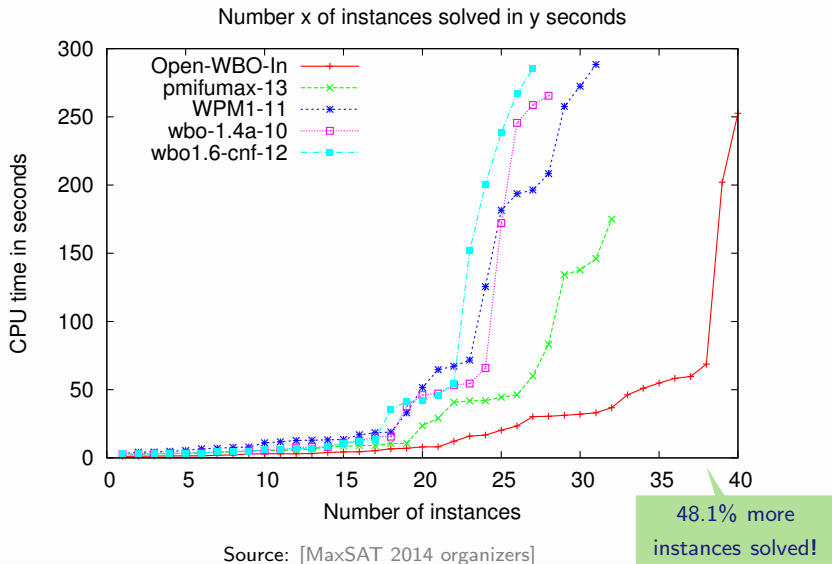
- Many real-world applications can be encoded to MaxSAT:
  - Software package upgradeability:
    - Eclipse platform uses MaxSAT for managing the plugins dependencies
  - Error localization in C code
  - Debugging of hardware designs
  - Haplotyping with pedigrees
  - Reasoning over Biological Networks
  - Course timetabling
  - Combinatorial auctions
  - ...
- MaxSAT algorithms are effective for solving real-world problems

# The MaxSAT (r)evolution – plain industrial instances



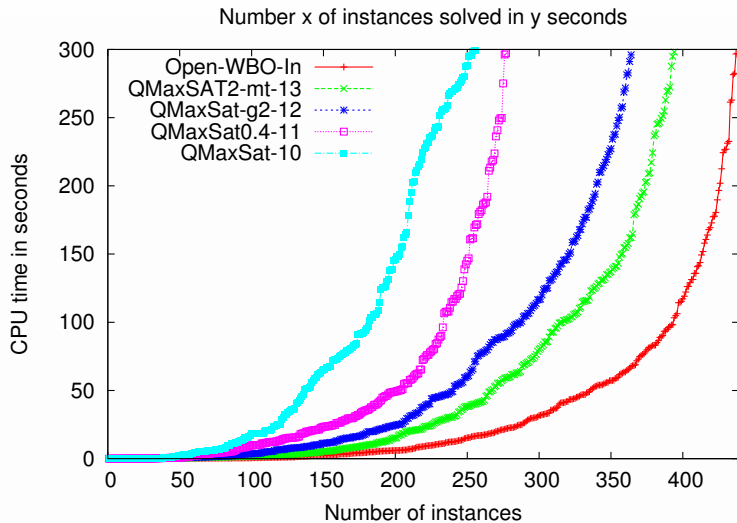
Source: [MaxSAT 2014 organizers]

# The MaxSAT (r)evolution – plain industrial instances



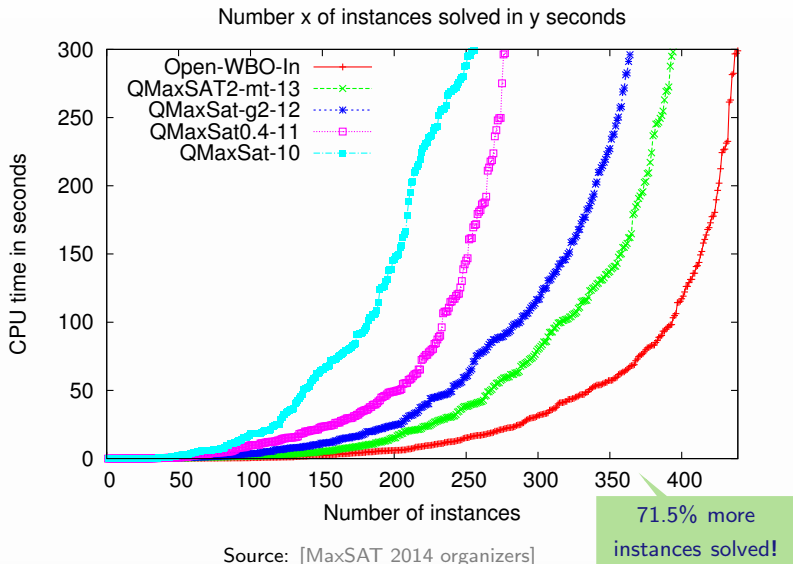


# The MaxSAT (r)evolution – partial

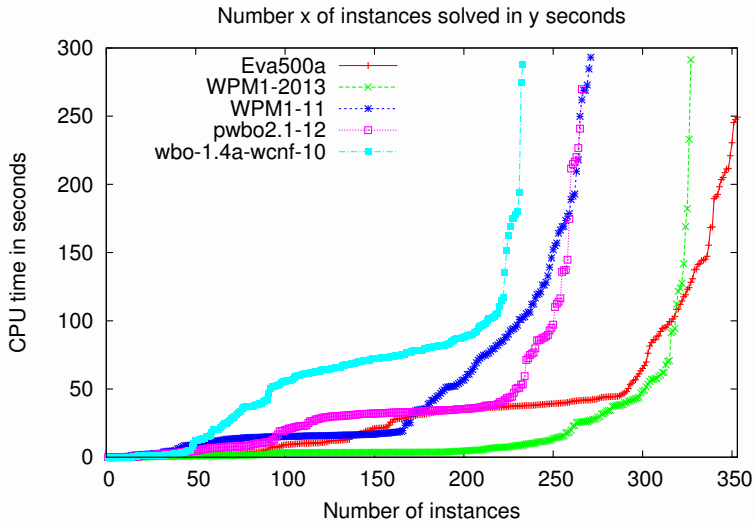


Source: [MaxSAT 2014 organizers]

# The MaxSAT (r)evolution – partial



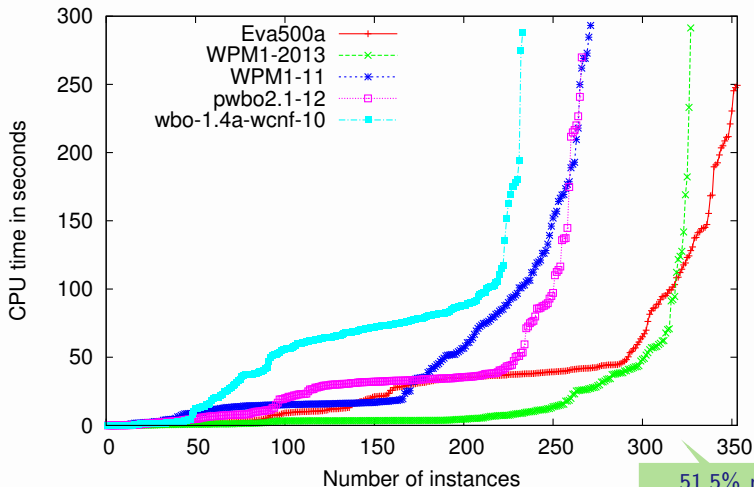
# The MaxSAT (r)evolution – weighted partial



Source: [MaxSAT 2014 organizers]

# The MaxSAT (r)evolution – weighted partial

Number x of instances solved in y seconds



Source: [MaxSAT 2014 organizers]

51.5% more instances solved!

# Outline

---

- MaxSAT Algorithms:
  - Linear search algorithms
  - Unsatisfiability-based algorithms
- Incremental solving in MaxSAT:
  - Keep the state of the SAT solver between MaxSAT calls
- Partitioning in MaxSAT:
  - Use the structure of the problem to guide the search

# Outline

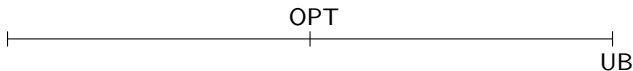
---

- MaxSAT Algorithms:
  - Linear search algorithms
  - Unsatisfiability-based algorithms
- Incremental solving in MaxSAT:
  - Keep the state of the SAT solver between MaxSAT calls
- Partitioning in MaxSAT:
  - Use the structure of the problem to guide the search

# MaxSAT algorithms

---

SAT-UNSAT Linear Search algorithm:

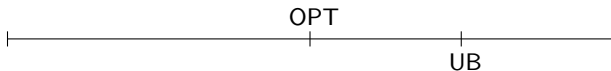


- Optimum solution (OPT):
  - Assignment with **minimum** cost
- Upper Bound (UB) value:
  - Cost **greater than or equal** to OPT
- SAT-UNSAT Linear search algorithms:
  - Iterative calls to a SAT solver
  - Refine UB value until OPT is found

# MaxSAT algorithms

---

SAT-UNSAT Linear Search algorithm:



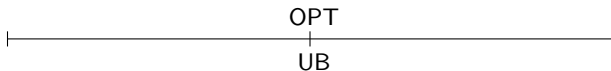
- Optimum solution (OPT):
  - Assignment with **minimum** cost
- Upper Bound (UB) value:
  - Cost **greater than or equal** to OPT
- SAT-UNSAT Linear search algorithms:
  - Iterative calls to a SAT solver
  - Refine UB value until OPT is found



# MaxSAT algorithms

---

SAT-UNSAT Linear Search algorithm:



- Optimum solution (OPT):
  - Assignment with **minimum** cost
- Upper Bound (UB) value:
  - Cost **greater than or equal** to OPT
- SAT-UNSAT Linear search algorithms:
  - Iterative calls to a SAT solver
  - Refine UB value until OPT is found

# MaxSAT algorithms

---

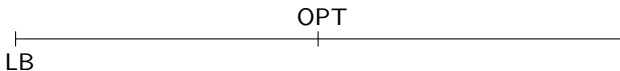
SAT-UNSAT Linear Search algorithm:

- Algorithm is **incremental**
  - Only **one** SAT solver must be created
  - New variables and constraints are added between SAT solver calls
  - SAT solver calls are performed on refinements of the previous formula
- In incremental algorithms:
  - No need to rebuild the SAT solver between iterations
  - Keep all learned clauses
  - Keep internal state of the SAT solver between calls

# MaxSAT algorithms

---

Unsatisfiability-based algorithms:

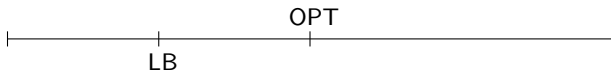


- Lower Bound (LB) value:
  - Cost **smaller than or equal** to OPT
- Unsatisfiability-based algorithms:
  - Iteratively increase the LB until a satisfiable call is performed
  - Use unsatisfiable subformulas to refine LB value until OPT is found
- These algorithms are not incremental
  - SAT solver is rebuilt at each iteration

# MaxSAT algorithms

---

Unsatisfiability-based algorithms:

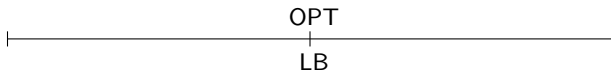


- Lower Bound (LB) value:
  - Cost **smaller than or equal** to OPT
- Unsatisfiability-based algorithms:
  - Iteratively increase the LB until a satisfiable call is performed
  - Use unsatisfiable subformulas to refine LB value until OPT is found
- These algorithms are not incremental
  - SAT solver is rebuilt at each iteration

# MaxSAT algorithms

---

Unsatisfiability-based algorithms:



- Lower Bound (LB) value:
  - Cost **smaller than or equal** to OPT
- Unsatisfiability-based algorithms:
  - Iteratively increase the LB until a satisfiable call is performed
  - Use unsatisfiable subformulas to refine LB value until OPT is found
- These algorithms are not incremental
  - SAT solver is rebuilt at each iteration

## MaxSAT Algorithms

---

- MaxSAT algorithms build on SAT solver technology:
  - Unsatisfiable subformulas (or cores)
- MaxSAT algorithms use constraints not defined in causal form:
  - AtMost1 constraints,  $\sum_{j=1}^n x_j \leq 1$
  - General cardinality constraints,  $\sum_{j=1}^n x_j \leq k$
  - Pseudo-Boolean constraints,  $\sum_{j=1}^n a_j x_j \leq k$
- Efficient encodings to CNF

## CNF Encodings

---

Naive encoding for AtMost1 Constraints:

- $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 1$ :
  - $(\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_3) \wedge (\neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3)$
- For a general AtMost1 constraint  $r_1 + r_2 + \dots + r_n \leq 1$ :
  - For each pair  $(r_i, r_j)$  add the clause  $(\neg r_i \vee \neg r_j)$
- Complexity:  $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$  clauses
- More efficient encodings can be used! (PBLib'15)

# CNF Encodings

---

## Sequential counters

(Sinz [CP'05])

- AtMost1 constraints:
  - Clauses/Variables:  $\mathcal{O}(n)$
- General cardinality constraints:
  - Clauses/Variables:  $\mathcal{O}(n k)$

## Sequential weighted counters

(Hölldobler et al. [KI'12])

- Pseudo-Boolean constraints:
  - Clauses/Variables:  $\mathcal{O}(n k)$



# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad x_1 \quad x_3 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$$

# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Relax all soft clauses
- Relaxation variables:
  - $V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$
  - If a soft clause  $\omega_i$  is **unsatisfied**, then  $r_i = 1$
  - If a soft clause  $\omega_i$  is **satisfied**, then  $r_i = 0$

# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h :$

$$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$$

$$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$\varphi_s :$

$$x_1 \vee r_1$$

$$x_3 \vee r_2$$

$$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3$$

$$\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

$$V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$$

- Formula is satisfiable
  - $\nu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0, r_1 = 0, r_2 = 1, r_3 = 1, r_4 = 0\}$
- **Goal:** Minimize the number of relaxation variables assigned to 1

# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h :$

$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$

$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$

$\varphi_s :$

$x_1 \vee r_1$

$x_3 \vee r_2$

$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3$

$\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$

$$\mu = 2 \quad V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$$

- $r_2$  and  $r_3$  were assigned truth value 1:
  - Current solution unsatisfies 2 soft clauses
- Can less than 2 soft clauses be unsatisfied?

# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(\sum_{r_i \in V_R} r_i \leq 1)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

$$\mu = 2 \quad V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$$

- Add cardinality constraint that excludes solutions that unsatisfies 2 or more soft clauses:
  - $\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 1)$

# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(\sum_{r_i \in V_R} r_i \leq 1)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

$$\mu = 2 \quad V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable:
  - There are no solutions that unsatisfy 1 or less soft clauses

# Linear Search Algorithms SAT-UNSAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h:$		$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$	$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$	
$\varphi_s:$	$x_1$	$x_3$	$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$	$\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$

$$\mu = 2 \quad V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$$

- **Optimal solution:** given by the last model and corresponds to unsatisfying 2 soft clauses:
  - $\nu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0\}$
- The same procedure can be generalized to weighted

# Linear Search Algorithms UNSAT-SAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Relax all soft clauses
- Relaxation variables:
  - $V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$
  - If a soft clause  $\omega_i$  is **unsatisfied**, then  $r_i = 1$
  - If a soft clause  $\omega_i$  is **satisfied**, then  $r_i = 0$



# Linear Search Algorithms UNSAT-SAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(\sum_{r_i \in V_R} r_i \leq 0)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

$$\mu = 2 \quad V_R = \{r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4\}$$

- Add cardinality constraint that excludes solutions that unsatisfies 1 or more soft clauses:
  - $\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 0)$

# Linear Search Algorithms UNSAT-SAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(\sum_{r_i \in V_R} r_i \leq 0)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable:
  - There are no solutions that unsatisfy 0 or less soft clauses
- Add cardinality constraint that excludes solutions that unsatisfies 2 or more soft clauses:
  - $\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 1)$

# Linear Search Algorithms UNSAT-SAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(\sum_{r_i \in V_R} r_i \leq 1)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable:
  - There are no solutions that unsatisfy 1 or less soft clauses
- Add cardinality constraint that excludes solutions that unsatisfies 3 or more soft clauses:
  - $\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 2)$

# Linear Search Algorithms UNSAT-SAT

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(\sum_{r_i \in V_R} r_i \leq 2)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Formula is satisfiable:
  - $\mu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0, r_1 = 0, r_2 = 1, r_3 = 1, r_4 = 0\}$
- Optimal solution unsatisfies 2 soft clauses
- The same procedure can be generalized to weighted

## Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad x_1 \quad x_3 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$$

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \quad x_3 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable

## Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \quad x_3 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify an unsatisfiable core

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Relax non-relaxed soft clauses in unsatisfiable core:
  - Add cardinality constraint that excludes solutions that unsatisfies 2 or more soft clauses:
    - $\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1)$
  - Relaxation on demand instead of relaxing all soft clauses eagerly



# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

---

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify an unsatisfiable core

## Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 2)$$

$$\varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Relax non-relaxed soft clauses in unsatisfiable core:
  - Add cardinality constraint that excludes solutions that unsatisfies 3 or more soft clauses:
    - $\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 2)$
  - Relaxation on demand instead of relaxing all soft clauses eagerly

## Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (MSU3: Marques-Silva&Planes'07)

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \leq 2)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_3 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4$$

- Formula is satisfiable:
  - $\mu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0, r_1 = 0, r_2 = 1, r_3 = 1, r_4 = 0\}$
- Optimal solution unsatisfies 2 soft clauses
- The same procedure can be generalized to weighted

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad x_1 \quad x_3 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$$

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \quad x_3 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h:$

$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$

$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$

$\varphi_s:$

$x_1$

$x_3$

$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$

$\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify an unsatisfiable core

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1)$$

$$\varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$$

- Relax unsatisfiable core:
  - Add relaxation variables
  - Add AtMost1 constraint



Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify an unsatisfiable core

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \quad \text{CNF}(r_3 + \dots + r_6 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \vee r_3 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \vee r_4 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_5 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_6 \end{array}$$

- Relax unsatisfiable core:
  - Add relaxation variables
  - Add AtMost1 constraint
- Soft clauses may be relaxed multiple times

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h: \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \quad \text{CNF}(r_3 + \dots + r_6 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s: \quad x_1 \vee r_1 \vee r_3 \quad x_3 \vee r_2 \vee r_4 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \vee r_5 \quad \bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_6 \end{array}$$

- Formula is satisfiable
- An optimal solution would be:
  - $\nu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0\}$

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h:$		$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$	$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$	
$\varphi_s:$	$x_1$	$x_3$	$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$	$\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$

- Formula is satisfiable
- An optimal solution would be:
  - $\nu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0\}$
- This assignment unsatisfies 2 soft clauses

Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h:$		$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$	$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$	
$\varphi_s:$	$x_1$	$x_3$	$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$	$\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1$

- Formula is satisfiable
- An optimal solution would be:
  - $\nu = \{x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 0\}$
- This assignment unsatisfies 2 soft clauses
- How can this procedure be generalized to weighted?

(Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad (x_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 3) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1)$$

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad (x_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 3) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1)$$

- Naive approach:
  - For each soft clause  $(\omega, w)$  create  $w$  copies of weight 1
  - **Problem:** Does not scale when the size of the weights increase



# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h \text{ (Hard):} \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$$

$$\varphi_s \text{ (Soft):} \quad (x_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 3) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1)$$

- **Solution:**

- Create copies only when needed
- Use the weight of the unsatisfiable core to split the soft clauses

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h :$

$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$

$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$

$\varphi_s :$

$(x_1, 2)$

$(x_3, 3)$

$(x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1)$

$(\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1)$

- Formula is unsatisfiable

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$\varphi_h :$

$\bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1$

$x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3$

$\varphi_s :$

$(x_1, 2)$

$(x_3, 3)$

$(x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1)$

$(\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1)$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify an unsatisfiable core

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h : \quad \quad \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \\ \varphi_s : \quad (x_1 \vee r_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 1) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1) \\ \quad \quad \quad (x_3, 2) \end{array}$$

- Core weight ( $c_w$ ): 2 (smallest weight of the soft clauses in the core)
- Split soft clauses with weight larger than the core weight:
  - $(\omega, w) \rightarrow (\omega, w - c_w) \wedge (\omega, c_w)$

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s : \quad (x_1 \vee r_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 1) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1) \\ \quad \quad (x_3 \vee r_2, 2) \end{array}$$

- Core weight ( $c_w$ ): 2 (smallest weight soft clauses in the core)
- Split soft clauses with weight larger than the core weight:
  - $(\omega, w) \rightarrow (\omega, w - c_w) \wedge (\omega, c_w)$
- Relax soft clauses with weight equal to  $c_w$ , add AtMost1 constraint

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi_h : & \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s : & \quad (x_1 \vee r_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 1) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1) \\ & \quad (x_3 \vee r_2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

---

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \\ \varphi_s : \quad (x_1 \vee r_1, 2) \quad (x_3, 1) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1, 1) \\ \quad \quad (x_3 \vee r_2, 2) \end{array}$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify unsatisfiable core

# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \quad \text{CNF}(r_3 + r_4 \leq 1)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad (x_1 \vee r_1, 2) \quad (x_3 \vee r_3, 1) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4, 1)$$

$$(x_3 \vee r_2, 2)$$

- Formula is unsatisfiable
- Identify unsatisfiable core
- Relax unsatisfiable core



# Unsatisfiability-based Algorithms (Manquinho et al. [SAT'09])

Weighted Partial MaxSAT Formula:

$$\varphi_h : \quad \bar{x}_2 \vee \bar{x}_1 \quad x_2 \vee \bar{x}_3 \quad \text{CNF}(r_1 + r_2 \leq 1) \quad \text{CNF}(r_3 + r_4 \leq 1)$$

$$\varphi_s : \quad (x_1 \vee r_1, 2) \quad (x_3 \vee r_3, 1) \quad (x_2 \vee \bar{x}_1, 1) \quad (\bar{x}_3 \vee x_1 \vee r_4, 1)$$

$$(x_3 \vee r_2, 2)$$

- Formula is satisfiable
  - $\nu = \{x_1 = 0, x_2 = 1, x_3 = 1, r_1 = 1, r_2 = 0, r_3 = 0, r_4 = 1\}$
- **Optimal cost: 3**

# Outline

---

- MaxSAT Algorithms:
  - Linear search algorithms
  - Unsatisfiability-based algorithms
- Incremental solving in MaxSAT:
  - Keep the state of the SAT solver between MaxSAT calls
- Partitioning in MaxSAT:
  - Use the structure of the problem to guide the search

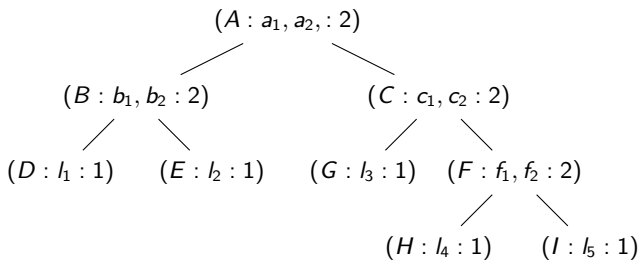
- Non-incremental algorithms
  - Working formula is rebuilt at each SAT solver call
  - MaxSAT algorithms need to update constraints between calls to the SAT solver
  - For soundness reasons, SAT solvers only allow to add new variables and new constraints

- Non-incremental algorithms
  - Working formula is rebuilt at each SAT solver call
  - MaxSAT algorithms need to update constraints between calls to the SAT solver
  - For soundness reasons, SAT solvers only allow to add new variables and new constraints
- **Goal:** Make Unsatisfiability-based algorithms incremental

- SAT solver calls allow to specify **assumptions**:
  - Assumptions are literals that are set to true in the returned model
  - Assumptions can be changed between calls to the SAT solver
  - Soundness of the solver is maintained
  
- **Iterative encoding** for cardinality constraints:
  - Grow the encoding as needed
  - Adds new relaxation variables to encoding only when necessary
  - Use assumptions to fix the value of  $k$  for the current iteration

# Iterative Encoding - Totalizer Encoding Martins et al. [CP'14]

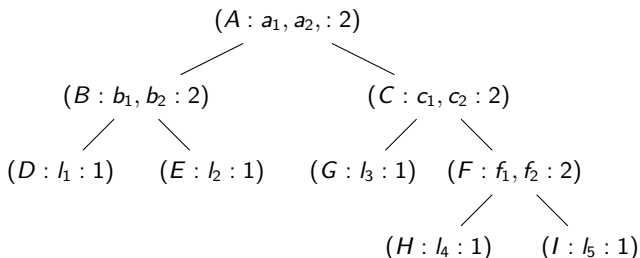
---



- Encoding of  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 \leq 1$

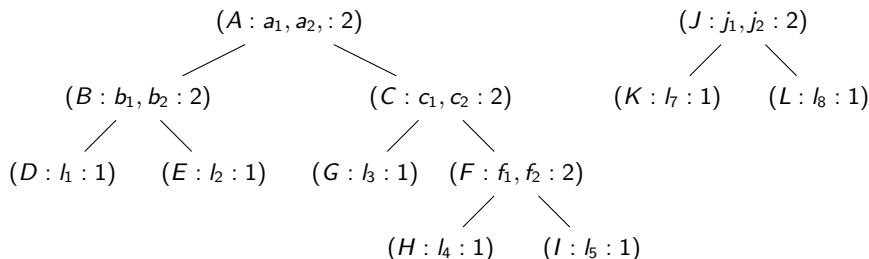
# Iterative Encoding - Totalizer Encoding Martins et al. [CP'14]

---



- Encoding of  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 \leq 1$
- Change it to  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 + l_7 + l_8 \leq 3$ 
  - Add two more literals ( $l_7$  and  $l_8$ ) to the left-hand side
  - Increase the right-hand side by 2

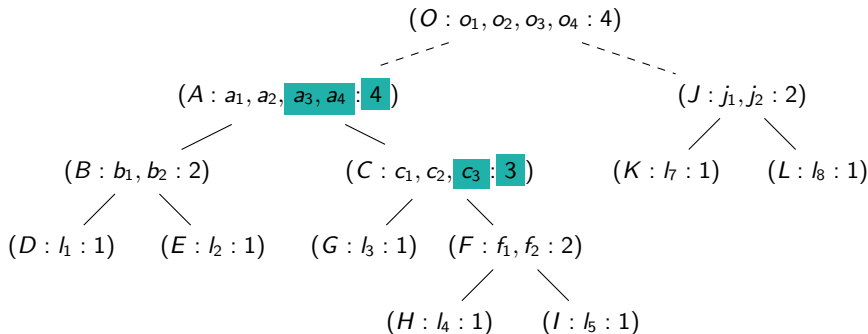
# Iterative Encoding - Totalizer Encoding Martins et al. [CP'14]



- Encoding of  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 \leq 1$
- Change it to  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 + l_7 + l_8 \leq 3$ 
  - Add two more literals ( $l_7$  and  $l_8$ ) to the left-hand side
  - Increase the right-hand side by 2
- Extend the representation



# Iterative Encoding - Totalizer Encoding Martins et al. [CP'14]



- Encoding of  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 \leq 1$
- Change it to  $l_1 + l_2 + l_3 + l_4 + l_5 + l_7 + l_8 \leq 3$ 
  - Add two more literals ( $l_7$  and  $l_8$ ) to the left-hand side
  - Increase the right-hand side by 2
- Extend the representation

# Experimental Results

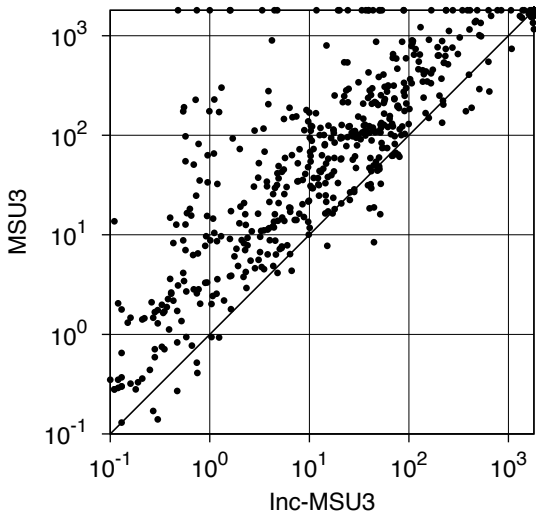
---

- Open-WBO:
  - <http://sat.inesc-id.pt/open-wbo/>
  - Open-source MaxSAT solver
  - Non-incremental MSU3 and incremental MSU3
- Benchmarks: unweighted (55) and partial (568) MaxSAT instances from the industrial category of the MaxSAT Evaluation 2014
- AMD Opteron 6272 processors (2.3 GHz) running Fedora Core 18;
- Timeout: 1,800 seconds

# Experimental Results

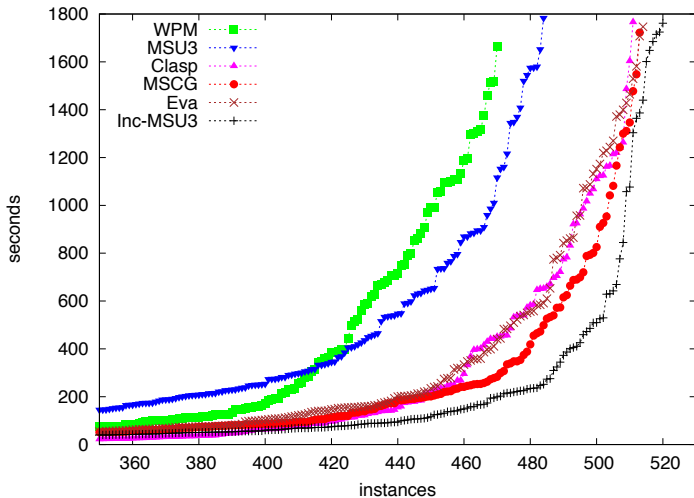
---

- Non-incremental vs. Incremental MSU3



# Experimental Results

- Running times of state-of-the-art MaxSAT solvers



## Incremental MaxSAT Solving

---

- Iterative encoding can be used in other more sophisticated MaxSAT algorithms
- Experimental results clearly show the effectiveness of using incrementality
- Due to incrementality, Open-WBO won the best solver award for unweighted and partial MaxSAT at the MaxSAT Evaluation 2014

# Outline

---

- MaxSAT Algorithms:
  - Linear search algorithms
  - Unsatisfiability-based algorithms
- Incremental solving in MaxSAT:
  - Keep the state of the SAT solver between MaxSAT calls
- Partitioning in MaxSAT:
  - Use the structure of the problem to guide the search

# Partitioning in MaxSAT

---

- Unsatisfiability-based algorithms are very effective on industrial benchmarks
- However, performance is related with the unsatisfiable cores given by the SAT solver:
  - Some unsatisfiable cores may be unnecessarily large
  - **Solution:** Partition the soft clauses

**(1)** Partition the soft clauses

$\gamma_1$

$\gamma_2$

$\gamma_3$



- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula



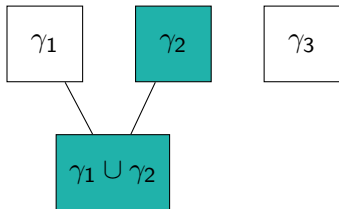
- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula
- (3)** While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - o Relax unsatisfiable core



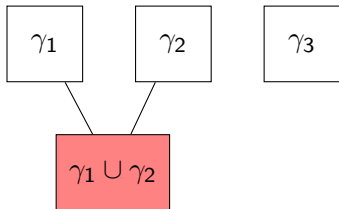
- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula
- (3) While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4) The formula is satisfiable:
  - If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ Optimum found
  - Otherwise, **go back to 2**



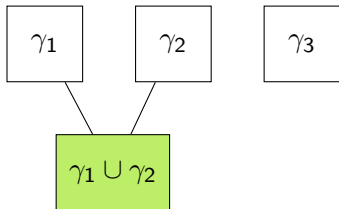
- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2)** Add a new partition to the formula
- (3) While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - o Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4) The formula is satisfiable:
  - o If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ Optimum found
  - o Otherwise, go back to 2



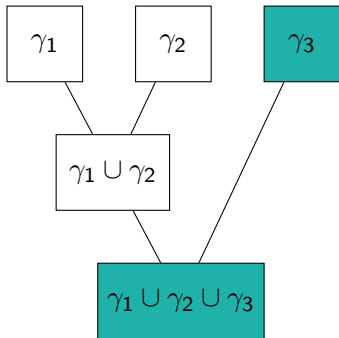
- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula
- (3)** While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4) The formula is satisfiable:
  - If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ Optimum found
  - Otherwise, go back to 2



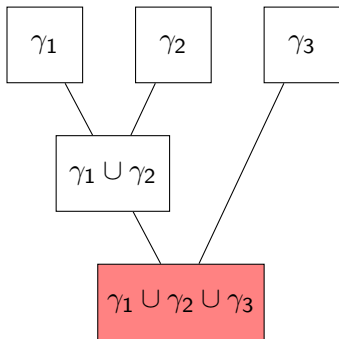
- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula
- (3) While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4)** The formula is satisfiable:
  - If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ Optimum found
  - Otherwise, **go back to 2**



- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2)** Add a new partition to the formula
- (3) While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - o Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4) The formula is satisfiable:
  - o If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ Optimum found
  - o Otherwise, go back to 2

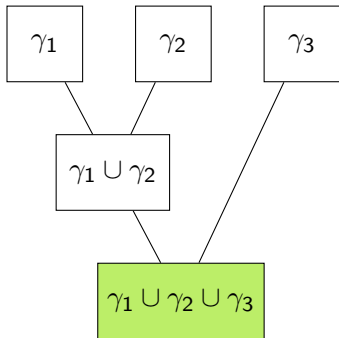


- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula
- (3)** While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4)** The formula is satisfiable:
  - If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ Optimum found
  - Otherwise, go back to 2





- (1) Partition the soft clauses
- (2) Add a new partition to the formula
- (3) While the formula is unsatisfiable:
  - Relax unsatisfiable core
- (4)** The formula is satisfiable:
  - If there are no more partitions:
    - ▷ **Optimum found**
  - Otherwise, go back to 2



# How to partition the soft clauses?

---

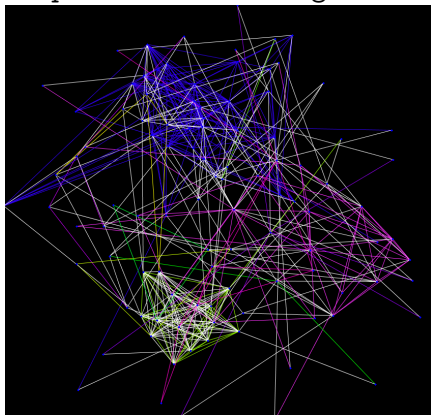
Use the structure of the problem to guide the search:

- Weighted partial MaxSAT: Martins et al. [ECAI'12]
  - Weight-based partitioning
  
- Partial MaxSAT: Martins et al. [SAT'13]
  - All soft clauses have weight 1
  - Graph-based partitioning:
    - Hypergraph
    - Variable Incidence Graph
    - Clause-Variable Incidence Graph

# Exploiting the community structure!

---

SATGraf — <https://bitbucket.org/znewsham/satgraf>



(normalized-f20c10b\_001\_area\_delay.wcnf)

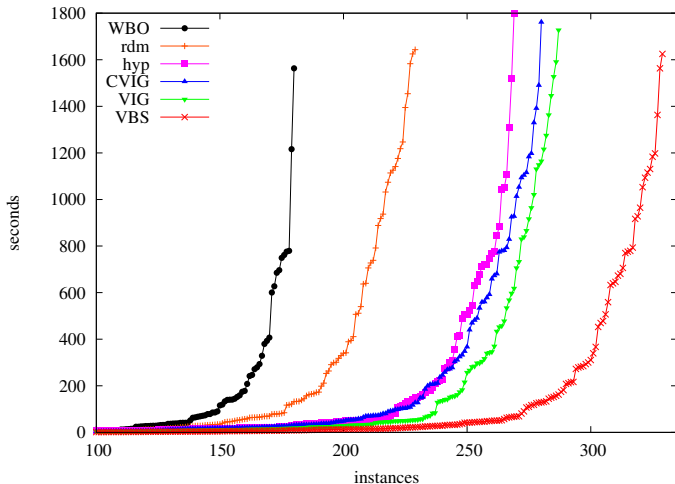
# Experimental Results (Partial MaxSAT)

---

- Benchmarks:
  - 504 industrial partial MaxSAT instances
- Solvers:
  - WBO
  - rdm (Random partitioning – 16 partitions)
  - hyp (Hypergraph partitioning – 16 partitions)
  - VIG (Community partitioning – Variable Incidence Graph)
  - CVIG (Community partitioning – Clause-Variable Incidence Graph)
  - VBS (Virtual Best Solver)

# Experimental Results (Partial MaxSAT)

- Running times of solvers for industrial partial MaxSAT instances



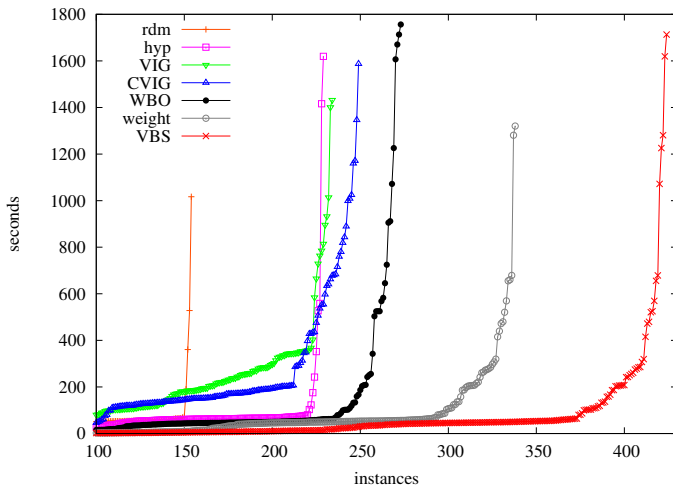
# Experimental Results (Weighted Partial MaxSAT)

---

- Benchmarks:
  - 598 weighted partial MaxSAT instances
  
- Solvers:
  - `wbo`
  - `weight` (Weight-based partitioning)
  - `rdm` (Random partitioning – 16 partitions)
  - `hyp` (Hypergraph partitioning – 16 partitions)
  - `vig` (Community partitioning – Variable Incidence Graph)
  - `cvig` (Community partitioning – Clause-Variable Incidence Graph)
  - `vbs` (Virtual Best Solver)

# Experimental Results (Weighted Partial MaxSAT)

- Running times of solvers for weighted partial MaxSAT instances



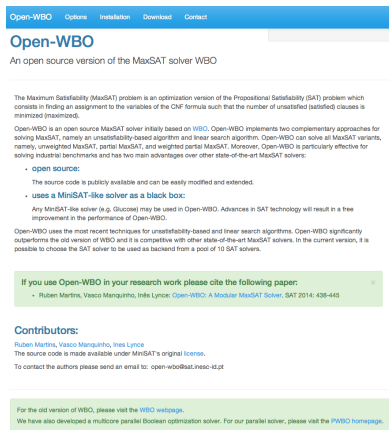
# Partitioning in MaxSAT

---

- Partitioning approaches outperform WBO on most instances:
  - Finds smaller unsatisfiable cores
- Weight-based partitioning is the best for weighted partial MaxSAT
- All algorithms contribute to the VBS:
  - Different graph-based partition methods solve different instances
  - Using the structure of the formula improves the partitioning
- Partitioning idea may be applied to other algorithms and fields!



# Want to try MaxSAT solving?



The screenshot shows the Open-WBO website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for "Open-WBO", "Options", "Installation", "Download", and "Contact". Below the navigation bar, the title "Open-WBO" is displayed in a large blue font. Underneath the title, it says "An open source version of the MaxSAT solver WBO".

The main content area contains a paragraph explaining the Maximum Satisfiability (MaxSAT) problem. Below this, there is a section titled "Open-WBO is an open source MaxSAT solver initially based on WBO." followed by a list of features:

- **open source:**  
The source code is publicly available and can be easily modified and extended.
- **uses a MiniSAT-like solver as a black box:**  
Any MiniSAT-like solver (e.g. Glucose) may be used in Open-WBO. Advances in SAT technology will result in a free improvement in the performance of Open-WBO.

Below the list, there is a paragraph stating that Open-WBO uses the most recent techniques for unsatisfiability-based and linear search algorithms. At the bottom of the main content area, there is a green box with the text: "If you use Open-WBO in your research work please cite the following paper:" followed by a citation: "Ruben Martins, Vasco Manquinho, Inês Lynce: [Open-WBO: A Modular MaxSAT Solver](#). SAT 2014: 438-445".

Below the green box, there is a section titled "Contributors:" followed by the names "Ruben Martins, Vasco Manquinho, Inês Lynce" and a note that the source code is made available under MiniSAT's original license. At the bottom, there is a note to contact the authors via email: "open-wbo@sat.inesc-id.pt".

At the very bottom of the screenshot, there is another green box with the text: "For the old version of WBO, please visit the [WBO webpage](#). We have also developed a multicore parallel Boolean optimization solver. For our parallel solver, please visit the [PWBO homepage](#)."

Try out Open-WBO!

webpage:

<http://sat.inesc-id.pt/open-wbo/>

contact:

[open-wbo@sat.inesc-id.pt](mailto:open-wbo@sat.inesc-id.pt)

Comments and suggestions are welcome and will help to improve Open-WBO!

# References

---

## MaxSAT algorithms:

Z. Fu, S. Malik. On Solving the Partial MAX-SAT Problem. SAT 2006: 252-265.

V. Manquinho, J. Marques-Silva, J. Planes. Algorithms for Weighted Boolean Optimization. SAT 2009: 495-508

J. Marques-Silva, J. Planes. On using unsatisfiability for solving Maximum Satisfiability. Technical report 2007

R. Martins, S. Joshi, V. Manquinho, I. Lynce. Incremental Cardinality Constraints for MaxSAT. CP 2014: 531-548

R. Martins, V. Manquinho, I. Lynce. Open-WBO: A Modular MaxSAT Solver. SAT 2014: 438-445

R. Martins, V. Manquinho, I. Lynce. Community-Based Partitioning for MaxSAT Solving. SAT 2013: 182-191

R. Martins, V. Manquinho, I. Lynce. On Partitioning for Maximum Satisfiability. ECAI 2012: 913-914

# References

---

## Cardinality and Pseudo-Boolean Encodings:

C. Sinz. Towards an Optimal CNF Encoding of Boolean Cardinality Constraints. CP 2005: 827-831

N. Manthey, T. Philipp, P. Steinke. A More Compact Translation of Pseudo-Boolean Constraints into CNF Such That Generalized Arc Consistency Is Maintained. KI 2014: 123-134

P. Steinke. A C++ Toolkit for Encoding Pseudo-Boolean Constraints into CNF. <http://tools.computational-logic.org/content/pbplib.php>

## Web pages of interest:

MaxSAT Evaluation: <http://www.maxsat.udl.cat/>

Open-WBO: <http://sat.inesc-id.pt/open-wbo/>